

Financial Disclosure

- I have the following financial interests or relationships to disclose:
 - Abbott Medical Optics: C;
 - AcuFocus, Inc.: C,O;
 - Alcon Laboratories, Inc.: C;
 - ArcScan: C,O;
 - Carl Zeiss Inc: C;
 - Clerio Vision: C,O;
 - Oculus, Inc.: C;
 - OcuPhire: C,O;
 - RX Vision: C,O;
 - M & S Technologies: C;
 - Visiometrics: C,O;

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Pitfalls –Konus & Post Ref

- Keratometry is inaccurate after corneal refractive surgery and keratoconus**
- Prediction of Effective Lens Position (ELP) is inaccurate using keratometry after refractive surgery and keratoconus**
- Optical Biometry is inaccurate in long eyes which is extremely common with refractive surgery and keratoconus**

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Keratometry: Measures Front Surface Ring of Lens (nominal 2.0, 2.5 or 3.2 mm & assumes Back Radius (N = 4, 6 or 28))

Topography: Measures Front Surface of Lens (N = 14,000)

Tomography: Measures Front & Back Surface of Lens (N = 40,000)

4.5 mm Lenslet

Methods for K

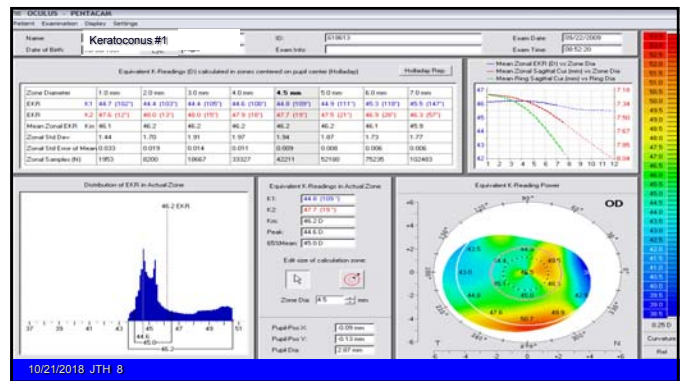
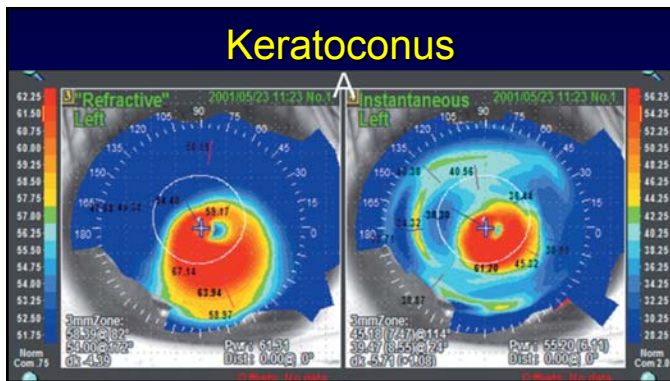
- Historical Method: Pre K + Δ Ref
- Koch K Mod: Current Ring K – 25% Δ Ref
- Koch Topo Mod: Current Zone K – 15% Δ Ref
- Contact Lens: CL Base Curve + Δ Ref w RGP
- 4.5 mm Zonal K with Topo or Tomo
- Manually use mouse centrally PO Ref and around “cap” in Konus
- ASCRS Website

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Inaccurate Keratometry - Konus

- Cornea becomes a simultaneous bifocal with a distance and bifocal power (“Cap” power)**
- Cap power can be determined by testing location of near vision with BSCDV in place**
- Stage 1: 2 to 3 D Stage 2: 3 to 5 D**
Stage 3: > 5 D

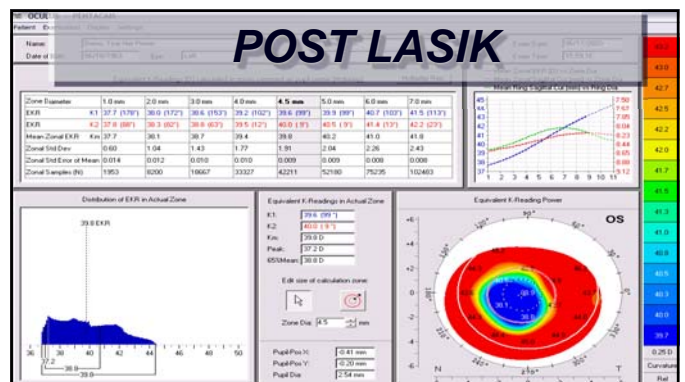
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Inaccurate K's – Post Ref

- 1 Cornea is flattest in the center and usually no longer prolate
- 2 If centered on pupil it will be asymmetric relative to the visual axis
- 3 Actual pupil size has an effect of power of cornea

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ELP Prediction

- 1 Most formulas use K to predict ELP
- 2 K must be prior to refractive surgery (and not “cap” of cone)

“Double K Method”

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Holladay Report – Pentacam Upper Right Panel

- Can estimate the **PRE-REF K** from back surface in **PRK & LASIK with toMography**

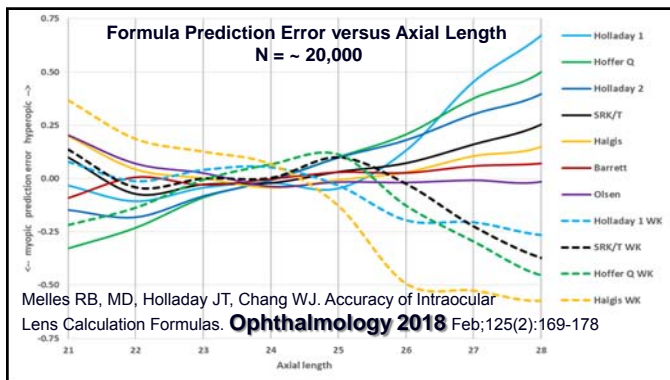
| | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----|-----------|--------------|
| Pupil Dia: | + 2.67 mm | x: | 0.20 mm N | y: | 0.32 mm I | (rel. to VN) |
| HwTw: | 1:1 | x: | | y: | | (rel. to VN) |
| Pachy Min: | ○ 395 μm | x: | 0.07 mm N | y: | 0.39 mm I | (rel. to VN) |
| Est. Pre-Ref. Km: | 47.6 D | Refr. Change: | -7.8 D | | | |
| A. C. Depth (Ext.): | 3.68 mm | Chord μ: | 0.38 mm | QS: | OK | |

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Long Eye Adjust

- Wang/Koch Linear Regression to compensate for Long Eyes (> 25) **JCRS Nov 2011**; 37 (11):2018–27
- Wang-Koch axial length adjustment formulas in long eyes. **JCRS Oct 2018**; 44 (10):1291– 2.

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Optical Axial Length too long with OCT

Summary

- 1 Keratometry is inaccurate due to sample size and should be replaced with ZONAL toPography or toMography
- 2 Effective Lens Position (ELP): **“Double K Method”** must use normalized corneal power (paracentral Konus or Pre Ref Sx)
- 3 Axial Length in long eyes (> 25 mm) must be shortened in ALL but Olsen Formula.

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